- C1. General Design
- C1.1 Overview
- C1.2 Definitions
- C1.3 Abbreviations and notation
- C1.4 References
- C1.4.1 Direct
- C1.4.2 Indirect
- C1.5 Americans with Disabilities Act
- C1.5.1 Sidewalks, trails, and shared use paths
- C1.5.2 Pedestrian overpasses
- C1.5.3 Other bridge-related facilities
- C1.6 Buy America Provisions
- C1.7 Bridge layout
- C1.7.1 Profile grade line
- **C1.7.2** Slope
- C1.7.3 Spiral curve
- C1.8 Bridge plan preparation
- C1.8.1 Title sheet
- C1.8.1.1 Engineers seals
- C1.8.1.2 Traffic data
- C1.8.2 First sheet
- C1.8.2.1 Bid items and quantities
- C1.8.2.2 General notes
- C1.8.3 Situation plan
- C1.8.4 Staking diagram

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C1.8.6	Pier details
C1.8.7	Abutment details
C1.8.8	Superstructure general
C1.8.8.1	CWPG
C1.8.8.2	PPCB
C1.8.9	Repair/overlay details
C1.8.10	Miscellaneous details
C1.8.10.1	Barrier rails
C1.8.10.2	Expansion devices
C1.8.10.3	Subdrains
C1.8.10.4	Slope protection
C1.8.10.5	Lighting
C1.8.10.6	Approach sidewalk
C1.8.10.7	Other
C1.8.11	Aesthetics
C1.8.12	Soils sheets
C1.8.13	Roadway plans
C1.8.14	Signed standard plans
C1.9 Cu	llvert plan preparation
C1.9.1	Title sheet
C1.9.2	First sheet
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C1.9.5	Reinforced concrete						
C1.9.6	Roadway plans						
C1.9.7	' Signed standard plans						
C1.10 Sign structure and other plan preparation							
C1.11 Quality control/quality assurance plan							
C1.11.1	1.11.1 Design team						
C1.11.2	1.11.2 Plan preparation tools						
C1.11.3	C1.11.3 Quality control						
C1.11.3.1 Designer							
C1.11.3.2 Design technician							
C1.11.3.3 Checker							
C1.11.4 Project documentation							
C1.11.5 Quality assurance Quality Control/Quality Assurance Record							
Project Description:							
Project Number:							
Design Number:							
File Number:							
Design Team Name PE Number Signature							
Transportation Engineer Manager (TEM)							
Designer:							
Technician:							
Checker:							
Engineer of Record (EOR):							
Hydraulic Design Engineer:							
Design Parameters (Complexity)							

Alignment: Straight Curved							
Superstructure:	CCS (std)	CCS (dsn)	PPCB (std)	PPCB (dsn)			
	RSS (std)	RSS (dsn)	CWPG				
	RCB (std)	RCB (dsn)	MISC (std)	MISC (dsn)			
Substructure:	Integral Abutment Stub Abutment						
	Pile Bent Pier	Frame Pier	T-Pier	Wall Pier			
C1.11.6 Post	t-letting environ	ment					
C1.12 Cost estimates							
C1.13 Software							
C1.14 Plan turn-in							
C1.14.1 Plan coordination							
C1.14.2 Prior to plan turn-in							
C1.15 Plan changes							
C1.16 Plan revisions							
C1.17 Shop drawings							
Obsolete: Methods Memo No. 34: New Standard Specifications 11 July 2001							
Obsolete: Methods Memo No. 157: HS25 Loading on Substructures 4 January 2007							

C1.18 Local Systems Review

LPA CURSORY REVIEW ITEMS FOR BRIDGE OR CULVERT PLANS

The following bulleted items are some of the general issues/concerns to address for cursory structural reviews. Since each structure is different, not all of these items pertain to each cursory review.

Furthermore, the extent of the review shall not be limited to the items below. The review engineer shall make a sound judgment on what the critical issues are for the structure.

- Verify the design code and specifications are correct.
- Verify that the plan has typical bridge or culvert design makeup: bridge, geotechnical, and road sheets. Notify the engineer of record if any items might be missing.
- Verify that all disciplines have a PE seal in the plans.
- Briefly verify that the type of structure is appropriate for the location based on the Situation
 Plan sheet. For bridges and culverts, the structure should meet the general policies
 established in the BDM. [BDM 7.1.1(culverts) and BDM 3.2.6, 3.2.7, 5.1.1, 6.1.1, 6.5.1.1,
 6.6.1.1 (bridges)]
- For bridges, verify horizontal and vertical clearances are acceptable or piers are adequately protected. [BDM 3.2.2.4 (waterway), BDM 3.2.3.1, 3.2.7.4 (highway), and BDM 3.2.4.1.1, 3.2.4.1.2, 3.2.4.2.1, 3.2.4.2.2 (Railroad)]
- For bridges over waterways, briefly review the hydraulic information for conformance to the OBS preliminary design policies. Some example items to review are given below:
 - 1. Pier type is adequately chosen for the drainage area listed or for the potential of debris flowing in the channel. [BDM 3.2.7.4]
 - 2. Stream velocities and scour depths may indicate a need for stream bank protection. [BDM 3.2.2.6]
 - "Design" and "Check" scour elevations and high water elevation for stage flows should be listed.
- If standard bridge or culvert sheets appear applicable, encourage the designer to use them:
 - 1. Bridge wing armoring
 - 2. Subdrains
 - 3. Slope Protection
 - 4. Abutment backfill procedures
 - 5. Etc.
- For bridges, briefly review the soil borings to obtain an idea of the foundation bearing conditions. For pile foundations, generally assess the Structural Resistance Level (SRL-1, SRL-2, etc.) of the pile foundation and the adequacy for the soil conditions.
- Look for future maintenance headaches (i.e. type of bearings or lack of bridge deck drainage).
- Look for structural adequacy problems. Member sizes should visually be reasonable and all necessary structural components should be included (i.e. intermediate diaphragms).
- Look for constructability problems (i.e. steel reinforcing congestion in concrete).
- Encourage serviceability improvements to the structure (i.e. deck drains).